Between the

MANTI-LASAL NATIONAL FOREST (Sanpete, Ferron/Price, and Moab/Monticello Ranger Districts)

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT SOUTHEAST UTAH FIELD OFFICE ALLIANCE (Moab Field Office, Price Field Office, Monticello Field Office)

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE SOUTHEAST UTAH GROUP

(Arches and Canyonlands National Parks; Hovenweep and Natural Bridges National Monuments)

UTAH FORESTRY, FIRE AND STATE LANDS

also representing:

(Grand, San Juan, Emery, Carbon, and Sanpete Counties)

Forest Supervisor	Date
F: 11.00° M	
Field Office Manager	Date
Superintendent	Date
1	
Area Manager	Date

I. IDENTIFICATION OF AGENCIES

- A. The following agencies are involved in the Southeast Utah Annual Operating Plan:
 - The United States Department of Agriculture Forest Service, Manti-La Sal National Forest, Sanpete, Ferron/Price, and Moab/Monticello Ranger Districts, hereinafter called the USFS
 - 2. The United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Southeast Utah Field Office Alliance, hereinafter called the BLM
 - 3. The United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Southeast Utah Group (Canyonlands National Park, Arches National Park, Natural Bridges National Monument, and Hovenweep National Monument) hereinafter called the NPS
 - 4. The Utah Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, Grand, San Juan, Carbon, Emery, Sanpete Counties, hereinafter called the State
 - 5. The United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Navajo Region Forestry, Ute Mountain Ute Agency and Uintah and Ouray Agency, hereinafter called the BIA
- B. The USFS, BLM, BIA, and NPS may hereinafter be jointly referred to as the Federal Agencies.
- C. All Federal agencies and the State may hereinafter be jointly referred to as the Agencies.

II. AUTHORITY FOR PLAN

The authority for the Southeast Utah Annual Operating Plan (hereinafter referred to as the Plan) is in accordance with the Cooperative Fire Management Agreement, (BIA No. AGH005016, Forest Service No. 22-CA-95-022, and BLM-MOU-UT0936-FY02-01), between the State and Federal Agencies in Utah.

III. PURPOSE OF PLAN

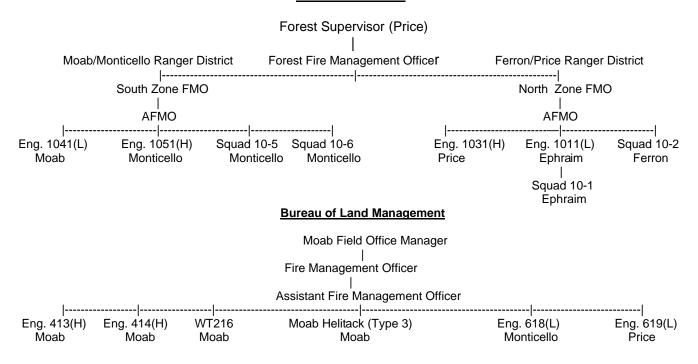
The purpose of this AOP is to document agreement and commitment to fire management assistance and cooperation. This agreement is entered into by and between the Agencies.

IV. DEFINITIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS

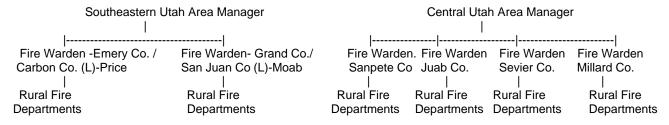
- A. **Fire Protection Responsibilities:** As defined in the Master Agreement each Agency may have fire protection responsibilities in the following areas:
 - 1) Protecting Agency The agency responsible for providing direct wildland fire protection To a given area pursuant to this agreement
 - 2) Supporting Agency An agency providing suppression (Initial Attack) or other support and resources to the Protecting Agency.
 - 3) Jurisdictional Agency The agency that has overall land and resource management and/or protection responsibility as provided by Federal or State law.
- B. **Direct Protection Areas:** Each Federal agency has protection responsibilities for lands which they administer. The State, through internal agreements, has the responsibility to provide wildland fire protection for all state and unincorporated private land in the four counties.
- C. **Protection Boundary:** Each agency's protection boundary conforms to jurisdictional boundaries.
- D. **Mutual Aid Dispatch Areas by Dispatch Levels:** Mutual aid is defined as providing aid to other agencies. Aid can be provided at any and all dispatch levels.
- E. **Mutual Aid Move-up and Cover Facilities:** Move-up is the system of redistributing remaining personnel and equipment following dispatch of initial forces.
- F. **Special Management Considerations:** (wilderness areas, Wild and Scenic Rivers, research natural areas, archeological sites, roadless areas, or other areas identified in land management planning documents or otherwise requiring special procedures): Each agency has policies and/or specific special management areas identified in their respective land management plans.
- G. **Responsibility for Non-Wildland Fire Emergencies:** Emergencies other than wildland fire (such as search and rescue, medical, earthquake, etc.) on federal, state, and private lands are the responsibility of the sheriff of the county in which the emergency occurs.
- H. **MIST:** Minimum Impact Suppression Tactics
- I. IA: Initial Attack

V. Fire Protection Organization: (Chain of Command)

U.S. Forest Service



State of Utah Forestry, Fire, and State Lands



National Park Service

Southeast Utah Group Superintendent

|
Wildland Fire Coordinator
|------|
E506 (L) Island NPS Squad E27 (S) Needles



(L) - Light 200-300 gallon, (H) - Heavy (750-900 gallon), (S) - Structural Appendix B contains the Southeast Utah Preparedness Level plan which outlines preparedness levels, draw down levels, etc.

A. **Supervisory Responsibilities:** The MIFC Manager Position is established by the Oversight Committee (one line officer from each agency) and is administratively supported by the Coordinating Group (USFS Fire Management Officer, BLM Fire Management Officer, NPS Wildland Fire Coordinator and the State Area Manager). The Center Manager supervises and administers the MIFC staff as per the following guidelines:

- 1. Review position descriptions and performance elements
- 2. Participate in selection panels
- 3. Complete annual performance evaluations and individual training plans to be submitted to and approved by the appropriate agency supervisor
- 4. Ensure individual training and advancement opportunities
- 5. Coordinate leave, overtime, compensatory time
- 6. Assign subordinate supervisory responsibilities
- 7. Work assignments for center personnel shall be coordinated through the Center Manager regardless of agency affiliation.

VI. PROTECTION AREA SUMMARIES

A. **Jurisdictional Agency, Protection Unit, County, etc.:** Each agency will provide fire protection on lands they administer or have jurisdictional responsibilities. Several parties to this agreement have initial attack agreements with other agencies and offices along their borders. All signers to this operating plan who are within the Moab Interagency Fire Center zone of influence agree to honor these agreements for initial attack assistance.

Without jeopardizing its own protection responsibilities, any participating agency will provide personnel, equipment and/or supplies requested by another agency as specified in each agency's fire mobilization plan.

Federal agencies requiring county or local fire department personnel and/or equipment on wildland fires are to coordinate requests through the Moab Interagency Fire Center. The Fire Center will then coordinate requests through the Utah Forestry, Fire, and State Land's Area Manager, or County Fire Warden for the given county where the personnel and/or equipment reside. Billing for county, and local fire department personnel and equipment will be handled by the State.

The White Mesa area of the Ute Mountain Reservation has an agreement with San Juan County and the Blanding Volunteer Fire Department to respond to fires in that area. The Blanding VFD is dispatched by the San Juan County Sheriff or the state fire warden.

- B. **Funds for Fire Center operations will be bound by the MIFC Master Agreement:** The amount of money contributed by each agency will be renegotiated as needed by the Oversight Committee and the Coordinating Group. The Coordinating Group on an as needed basis will also negotiate any additional funding for Center operations.
- C. **Map and/or legal description, dated to meet current need:** Current maps are maintained at the Moab Interagency Fire Center.

D. Fire Protection facilities by Agency and location:

<u>Interagency</u> – Interagency Fire Center, Interagency Operations Center

<u>USFS</u> - Price – Initial Attack Cache Moab - Initial Attack Cache Ephraim - Initial Attack Cache Monticello - Initial Attack Cache Ferron - Initial Attack Cache

<u>BLM</u> - Price - Initial Attack Cache Moab - 100 Person fire Cache, Helibase, Fire Staff Offices Monticello - Initial Attack Cache

<u>NPS</u> – There are small Initial Attack Caches at each of the following locations: Arches N.P., Island in the Sky, River, and Needles Districts of Canyonlands N.P., Natural Bridges N.M., Hovenweep N.M.

STATE - Price, Moab (Initial Attack Cache), Blanding (Initial Attack Cache)

- E. **Mutual Aid Dispatch Areas:** All signatory agencies in this AOP agree to use the "Closest Force" concept in dispatching of initial attack forces. Closest Force is defined as responding the appropriate resource (in terms of response time and fire situation) to a report of a new fire incident in an unknown location. Closest Force may not apply to follow up response actions as determined by the agency with jurisdictional responsibility. No specific mutual aid dispatch areas are identified.
- F. Special Management Consideration and/or Fire Management Areas: Special management considerations are identified in each agency's land use plans. MIST tactics should be applied to all Forest Service and National Park Service lands.

VII. OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

A. **Determination of Initial Attack Dispatch Levels:** MIFC dispatchers will keep track of available and committed resources throughout MIFC's jurisdiction. Dispatchers will gather situation and resource information from field units, organize it into appropriate reports, and advise the proper personnel. Dispatchers will keep informed of weather and fire danger predictions, and will advise all participating agencies of all situations, threatening fire behavior potential, and resource availability.

MIFC dispatchers will implement systems necessary to gather weather observations on a daily basis. Observations will be entered into WIMS and fire danger indices will be extracted. Morning and afternoon weather forecasts, special weather reports, national and regional situation reports, and lightning detection maps will be made available to suppression resources and fire management. Determination of staffing and preparedness levels will be according to procedures outlined in Appendix B (Fire Danger Operating and Preparedness Plan).

- B. **Fire Notification:** All wildfires occurring on each agency's land will be reported to the Moab Interagency Fire Center (MIFC 435-259-1850). Fires occurring on the San Pitch Unit of the Manti-La Sal National Forest will be handled as specified in the San Pitch Unit Initial Attack Agreement.
 - 1. Fires occurring on the FS San Pitch Unit will be reported to the Richfield Interagency Fire Center (RIFC 435-896-8404). RIFC will notify MIFC and request a Supervisor's Office number.
 - 2. Fires occurring on Private/State Sanpete County lands within the FS boundary will be reported to the Moab Interagency Fire Center (MIFC 435-259-1850). MIFC will notify RIFC and request a County number.

During the period of May through October, the Moab Interagency Fire Center will maintain a coordinated list of available fire resources located in Southeast Utah. This list will be updated daily for all agencies. All suppression resources will notify MIFC each morning as to where they will be working during the operational period. If any resource significantly changes their location during the day they will notify MIFC immediately and update their location status.

When a fire is reported to MIFC they will determine probable location and ownership as accurately as possible. Checker-board areas will be treated as multi-jurisdictional until precise location and ownership is determined. MIFC shall respond and notify the appropriate duty officer(s) utilizing the following guidelines.

National Park Service Lands - No action shall be taken without duty officer approval.

State and Private Lands (Except San Juan County Private lands) - Dispatch appropriate local ground resources (note part D, this section) and notify the appropriate duty officer. County Fire Wardens are the designated duty officers for their respective counties and are on-call 24 hours, seven days a week. They are expected to respond on scene unless already on a fire. All fires reported to the MIFC on-call dispatcher after hours by county emergency dispatch centers shall be forwarded to the appropriate County Fire Warden/duty officer. Wardens notified of a fire by county emergency dispatch centers shall notify MIFC before responding.

San Juan County Private lands – Notify the San Juan County Fire Warden and the San Juan County Sheriff's Office. They will dispatch county resources and request aid if needed.

BLM Lands - Dispatch appropriate resources (note part D, this section) and notify the duty officer.

USFS Lands - Dispatch appropriate resources (note part D, this section) and notify the duty officer.

MIFC responses will utilize an interagency rotation of resources from each protection facility/location while still ensuring proper equipment and "Closest Force" guidelines are initiated. The appropriate duty officer(s) for the resource(s) dispatched will be promptly notified and may provide additional fire management direction. MIFC will be directly responsible for notifying, mobilizing, tracking, providing communication services for, and demobilizing these resources. In addition, MIFC will provide additional supplies and services to support those resources. The Center Manager or designated assistant, in conjunction with agency representative, will prioritize initial attack actions on all incidents in progress based on agency plans and directions.

Fire Names and Numbers will be tracked by MIFC. All agencies will use the same name once the fire has been officially named. Field units are responsible for providing a fire name to dispatch and should do so promptly, but note that MIFC may have to occasionally name a fire without field input due to resource ordering procedures or other reasons.

C. Initial Attack: When an initial attack resource takes action on an incident and determines land status, the duty officer for the appropriate agency will be promptly notified and briefed on the fire status. If approved by the duty officer, the Incident Commander for the I.A. resource will have appropriate action responsibility. The Duty Officer, however, retains the option of changing out the incident commander or suppression resources as he/she deems appropriate and may request additional resources be dispatched to the incident. The Incident Commander must be notified promptly of all resources ordered for the incident. The duty officer is to be promptly notified of any significant changes in the fire status.

In the event of a communication failure, the agency taking appropriate action on a fire will continue until the responsible (or jurisdictional) agency can be notified.

Clause 46 of the Master agreement will be followed for billing procedures.

A fire burning on land administered by one agency may be considered a threat to another agency and suppression action may be taken by the threatened agency. Prior to any action on another agency's land, the duty officer with jurisdictional responsibility will be notified and an agreement reached on the action to be taken. Agencies taking independent actions will absorb their own costs. This does not preclude any agency from taking actions they feel appropriate on their lands.

Agency policies will be followed for the suppression of structure and vehicle fires. Land ownership of highway/road Right-of-Way fires will be determined by whose land the highway/road is crossing as identified on the land ownership maps in MIFC.

When locked gates are encountered by responding fire resources, MIFC must be notified and will obtain access permission and/or approve actions to be taken. MIFC will contact the County fire Warden and/or the County Sheriff's office for landowner contact and permission.

D. Aircraft: MIFC will receive orders and make arrangements for all fixed-wing and helicopter use requested by any of the participating agencies; this includes both administrative and incident use. All flight following procedures will be implemented as per specific agency requirements. Flight plans for all non-fire suppression activities will be prepared by the requesting agency and submitted to MIFC in accordance with SOP's. MIFC will maintain a current list of approved aircraft and pilots and will ensure that all flights originating at MIFC are initiated with approved aircraft and pilots. MIFC will notify the appropriate participating agency Aviation Officer(s) of all indiscretions, misuse, and improper or inappropriate flight situations in compliance with specific agency regulations. Aerial attack (retardant, smoke jumpers, and helicopters) will only be used when authorized by the agency with jurisdictional/protection responsibility. MIFC will notify all participating agencies of a requested reconnaissance (recon) flight by any other participating agency.

USFS – The North Zone or South Zone Fire Duty Officer in Charge will approve the use of smokejumpers on lands under jurisdiction of the Forest Service.

BLM - Authority for use of aerial attack on lands under jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management rests with the Duty Officer, Incident Commander, or with preplanned dispatch systems as activated by the dispatcher.

NPS - For lands under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service, authority for retardant, and smoke jumpers rests with the Superintendent, or acting. Authority for use of all other aerial attack on lands under jurisdiction of the National Park Service rests with the Duty Officer or Incident Commander.

STATE - Authority for use of aerial retardant rests with the Area Manager or acting. Authority for use of all other aerial attack on lands under jurisdiction of the State rests with the Duty Officer or Incident Commander.

E. **Hand Crews and Dozers:** MIFC will receive and process orders for crews and personnel through standard dispatch ordering channels, using the closest forces concept and the Great Basin neighborhood policy.

Dozer use must be approved by the line officer on FS land, NPS land, BLM Wilderness Study Areas (WSA), and BLM Wilderness areas. A Fire Archeologist should be ordered if dozer line is to be constructed.

Unless otherwise agreed, the Jurisdictional Agency will provide a Resource Advisor and/or archeologist to advise the Protecting Agency of any special conditions which may influence the use of hand crews or dozers.

The Red Rock Regulars Hand crew will be comprised of personnel from the following agencies: NPS, USFS, BLM, and State with the Crew Boss position to be filled on a rotating basis. The weekly availability of the Red Rock crew will be determined by preparedness levels and availability of resources to fill the order. Transportation for the crew will be initiated by the fire center and will determine the location and time to meet. Each agency's duty officer will make individual contacts to fill the crew and will give the names to MIFC for crew manifest. Refer to the "Red Rock Regulars – Standard Operating Procedures" for specific crew make-up and dispatching.

- F. Boundary Fires, Unified Command, and Cost Sharing: Boundary fires are defined as:
 - 1. A fire burning jointly on lands under the jurisdiction of two or more agencies and the boundary line is known;
 - 2. Where the fire location is known but the jurisdictional boundary on the ground is uncertain;
 - 3. Where the location of a reported fire is uncertain in relation to the jurisdictional boundary.

Once the exact location of the fire is determined in relation to the jurisdictional boundary, it ceases to be a boundary line fire unless falling into category (1) above.

A representative of each agency having shared jurisdictional responsibility on a boundary line fire should become a member of the Unified Incident Command. When a commitment of resources affects one of the jurisdictional agencies, that agency will participate in decisions reached. The Unified Incident Command will document these actions in writing.

Suppression costs on a boundary line fire will be shared as set forth in Clause 37 of the Master Agreement. A written cost share agreement, except as otherwise provided by Clauses #17, #28, and #46, will be prepared by the responsible unit Administrators, or their authorized representatives.

G. Dispatch Boundaries

The shared boundary between adjacent Dispatch Centers has the potential for two or more Dispatch Centers conducting simultaneous, uncoordinated suppression operations which would unknowingly put the responding resources within close proximity to another, placing aircraft and crews at risk. In order to ensure the safety of wildland fire suppression resources, and provide better protection of the Public Lands through more effective initial attack response, the following statements are agreed upon by the signatories of this plan:

1. **Boundary Zone:** Adjacent Dispatch Centers may provide initial attack response to wildland fires reported within a 2-mile distance on either side of the Dispatch Center's common boundary. This 4-mile wide corridor will be defined as the Boundary Zone area for the purposes of coordinating safe and effective ground-based initial attack resources between adjacent Dispatch Centers.

2. Aircraft:

- a. The definition of Boundary Zone area for the purposes of conflicting airspace shall be defined as an area
 5 nautical miles either side of the Dispatch Center jurisdictional boundaries.
- b. Aircraft rely upon dispatch centers for current relevant information. Therefore, coordination between dispatch centers must occur <u>prior to dispatch</u>. Prior to dispatching aircraft to a boundary zone area, the Aviation Boundary Operations Checklist (Great Basin Mobilization Guide, Chapter 20 Administrative Procedures) must be completed.
- c. Agency aircraft working within the Boundary Zone will be assigned a common air-to-air (VHF-AM), air-to-ground (VHF-FM), and flight-following frequency for each incident within the boundary corridor prior to dispatch.
- d. Adjacent Dispatch Centers will be notified of fire detection and reconnaissance flights within the Boundary Zone assuring that de-confliction has occurred with other known agency/cooperator aircraft.

3. Procedures:

- a. Any Dispatch Center conducting suppression operations within a Boundary Zone will immediately notify the adjoining Dispatch Center of such operations. This is accomplished to and from dispatch offices prior to the commencement of operations and when operations cease.
- b. The Dispatch Center manager will coordinate with the adjacent Center manager to ensure that common frequencies are assigned to aircraft dispatched to any incident within the Boundary Zone.
- c. Once an accurate location of the fire has been confirmed, the Dispatch Center with jurisdiction will assume the dispatch responsibilities as the single order point for resources and logistical support. If the fire burns across the shared dispatch boundary, a single order point for incident resources and support will be negotiated by the involved Dispatch Center Managers. The Dispatch Center Managers will determine which Dispatch Center would be the most effective based upon proportion of uncontrolled fire, workload, staffing, and management considerations.
- d. Fire report information for fires contained and controlled during initial attack will be completed by the initial attack Incident Commander. Fire report information will be forwarded to the benefiting Dispatch Center within five (5) days of the initial attack date.

- H. **Assistance by Hire and Resource Order Process:** All requests for resources (engines, crews, aircraft, etc.) will be processed through the Moab Interagency Fire Center with the following exception:
 - 1. State Fire Wardens may process requests for county owned resources directly through local county channels, however, MIFC must be notified of all orders made.

MIFC will utilize local caches from the participating agencies for support only to the extent that the resources will not impact initial attack capabilities. All requests for resources outside of MIFC's jurisdiction will be provided through existing cache and ordering agreements (including Eastern Great Basin, Western Colorado, and all adjoining agencies). MIFC will expand the dispatch organization to meet the needs of logistical support situation(s).

MIFC will contact, make mobilization arrangements for, and dispatch participating agency overhead personnel. At a minimum, all personnel will meet the NWCG qualifications for the assignment they are requested to take. FS personnel shall also meet the Forest Service 5109.17 qualifications. All participating agency personnel are responsible for their availability status and notifying their supervisor if they take the requested assignment.

Requests for use of National Guard and/or UDOT equipment, facilities and personnel will be made by MIFC to the State Forester through normal dispatch procedures.

Any agency requiring equipment owned by private contractors will place orders through the Moab Interagency Fire Center. Billing for said equipment will be sent to the requesting agency by MIFC. All assistance for hire will be billed according to Clause 35 and 46 of the Master Agreement.

I. **Interagency Sharing of Communications Systems and Frequencies:** MIFC dispatchers will monitor the radio frequencies for administrative, field, and air operations as required by agency agreements and procedures.

The Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, the State of Utah, and the National Park Service will exchange radio frequencies for emergencies and fire coordination. The following frequencies are authorized under this plan:

	NB/WB	TX	Tone	RX	Description
USFS:	NB	171.425		171.425	Forest Service Simplex
	NB		Tone		
		164.375	Select	171.425	Forest Service Repeater
	NB		110.9		Tone 1 Abajo/ Tidds
	NB		123.0		Tone 2 Deadman/ Levan
	NB		131.8		Tone 3 Wilderness/ White Pine
	NB		136.5		Tone 4 Carpenter/ Horseshoe
	NB		146.2		Tone 5 Cedar Mtn.
	NB		156.7		Tone 6 Monument Peak
	NB		167.9		Tone 7 Flagstaff
	NB		103.5		Tone 8 Bald Mesa
	NB		100.0		Tone 9 Teat
	NB	164.9375	146.2	168.875	North Zone Fire Repeater
	NB	164.9375	110.9	169.875	South Zone fire Repeater

	NB/WB	TX	Tone	RX	Description
BLM:	NB	163.125	110.9	164.200	Price Area Repeater
	NB	163.125	131.8	164.200	Ford Ridge Repeater
	NB	163.125	146.2	164.200	Nine Mile Repeater
	NB	168.350	100.0	163.025	Moab Area Repeater
	NB	163.125	100.0	164.100	Monticello Area Repeater
	NB	164.200		164.200	Price Area Simplex
	NB	163.025		163.025	Moab Area Simplex
	NB	164.100		164.100	Monticello Area Simplex
	NB	163.100		163.100	Wide Area
	NB	168.350		168.350	Comon Use

	NB/WB	TX	Tone	RX	Description
State:	WB	159.435		159.435	State Forestry
	WB	159.285	151.4	151.415 Ford Ridge Repeater	
	WB	159.405	203.5	151.370	Bald Mesa Repeater
	WB	159.300	151.4	151.310 Abajo Repeater	
	WB	159.165	203.5	151.130	Cedar Mtn. Repeater
	WB	154.280		154.280	State Fire Marshall

	NB/WB	TX	Tone	RX	Description
NPS:	WB	166.325		166.325	SE Utah Group Simplex
		166.925	123.0	166.325	SE Utah Group Repeater – Grandview
			141.3		SE Utah Group Repeater - Mossback
	WB		167.9		SE Utah Group Repeater - Abajo
	WB	171.700	141.3	172.600	NPS – Bald Mesa

	NB/WB	TX	Tone	RX	Description
BIA-Navajo Area Forestry:	WB	172.725		172.725	Car-To-Car
BIA-Ute Mountain Ute:	WB	172.450		172.450	Car-To-Car
	WB	170.100	103.5	172.450	Herman Pk. Repeater
	WB	170.100	114.8	172.450	Red Mesa Repeater
BIA-Uintah and Ouray	WB	167.025		167.025	Car-To-Car
-	WB	164.775	103.5	167.025	Repeater
		<u> </u>		.	
Interagency:	MIFC	168.625		168.625	Air Guard
		168.650		168.650	National Flight Following
		124.075		124.075	Victor - Air to Air
		172.325		172.325	Air to Ground - Primary
		171.575		171.575	Air to Ground - Secondary
		164.975		164.975	Air to Ground - Reserved
		166.575		166.575	Air to Ground - Reserved
		154.430	103.5	154.430	Moab City Fire

Moab Fire Zone Standard Fire Channel Configuration

Channels 1-5 Are Agency Specific Channels 6-13 are to be standard for all fire radios

Channels 14+ are optional per agency

	Channel	TX	Tone	RX	Description
Moab Zone					
Interagency:	6	166.2375		166.2375	TAC 1
	7	172.325		172.325	Air to Ground 1
	8	166.9625		166.9625	TAC 2
	9	171.575		171.575	Air to Ground 2
	10	154.280		154.280	TAC 4
	11	170.500		170.500	TAC 8
	12	163.100		163.100	Wide Area
	13	168.350		168.350	Common Use

- J. Move-up and Cover: Move-up and Cover options are outlined in area preparedness plans.
- K. Interagency procurement, loaning, sharing, or exchanging of facilities, equipment, and support services: The Forest Service and BLM have established a procurement procedure for the purchase, leasing, etc., of supplies, equipment, and support services for fire incidents. See Appendix A (Procurement)
- L. Wildland Fire Situation Analysis (WFSA): The State and Federal Agencies are required by policy to complete a Wildfire Situation Analysis for all fires that escape initial suppression action. Procedures and agency policy for development of the WFSA are found in the local agency guidelines. Responsibility for strategy and implementation shall rest with the jurisdictional Agency's Line Officer.
- M. Wildland Fire Implementation Plan (WFIP): The Forest Service must prepare and approve a WFIP for wildland fire use (FSM 5143.2). If fire use exceeds or is anticipated to exceed planned limits, a Wildland Fire Situation Analysis (WFSA) must be prepared to determine the appropriate suppression response if the Fire Use Manager (FUMA) or Burn Boss determines that the fire use cannot be returned to planned limits with available resources within 48 hours.
- N. **Post-incident Action Analysis:** Initial Attack crews of cooperating agencies will provide all pertinent information to the jurisdictional agency when relieved from the fire. Cooperating agencies conducting continuing suppression activities on other agency land shall provide all necessary fire related information to the jurisdictional agency within five (5) days after the fire is declared out.
- O. **Joint Mobilization Centers or other incident support facilities:**Moab Interagency Operations Center, Moab Helibase, Moab Interagency Fire Center
- Q. Agreed-to billing amounts (rates) for above resources and billing information for presuppression activities: Agencies will bill one another for activities not related to fire suppression and administrative charges may be applied. Billings for such activities will be documented locally as part of this agreement.
- R. **Training:** A cooperative fire training plan for local training will be established each fall by the Moab Zone Interagency Training Committee. This training plan will identify courses, times, and sponsoring agency. MIFC will coordinate announcements and nominations.
- S. Operational Procedures for Wilderness Areas: Any motorized use, helicopter landings, helispots, and spike camps in the Dark Canyon Wilderness area requires verbal approval from the Forest Supervisor or their acting, prior to each use. When fires occur in Utah on the Black Ridge Wilderness area, the BLM Duty Officer shall be notified and will notify the Line Officer before any action is taken. Management goals for fire in the Black Ridge Wilderness must be coordinated with the Grand Junction Field Office. Suppression of Fires occurring on the National Parks must be approved by the Duty Officer.

VIII. FIRE PREVENTION

- A. General Cooperative Activities: The agencies within this agreement are responsible for carrying out any fire prevention program in their respective jurisdictional area. All agencies should coordinate their efforts in contacting the public through newspaper articles, radio messages, etc. to avoid duplication and insure maximum effectiveness. Agencies should also coordinate urban/wildland interface programs through the local State or County representatives.
- B. **Information and Education:** Where interagency cooperation for information and education programs exist, documentation of each agency's responsibilities will become part of this document.
- C. **Restrictions and Closures:** When fire closures and/or special fire regulations are deemed necessary, conditions will be coordinated with all agencies prior to publication of respective orders. When fire closures and/or special order fire regulations within the jurisdictional/protection authority of any agency is necessary, the responsible official will activate it. All fire restrictions/closures should adhere to the "Operating Plan for the Implementation of Fire Restrictions/Closures in Utah".

D. Engineering:

- 1. <u>Fire Safe Planning (wildland-urban interface):</u> Agencies are encouraged to use current information which identifies safety constraints for structures in the wildland urban interface area.
- 2. <u>Railroads and Utilities:</u> Agencies are encouraged to work with railroad and utility companies to reduce the threat of human caused fires.

E. Enforcement:

- 1. <u>Burning Permits:</u> Burning permits are required by Utah State Law for all people who burn on state and unincorporated private lands during the closed fire season from June 1 through October 31. Request for burning permits on state or private land will be referred to the respective county Fire Warden.
- 2. <u>Restrictions and Closures:</u> Each agency is responsible for enforcement on the land they administer.
- 3. <u>Fire Investigations:</u> The agency that takes initial attack action will protect the point of origin and notify MIFC of the need for investigation and documentation for reimbursable fires. As soon as practical, the agency with jurisdictional responsibility will assume responsibility for trespass investigation. All Federal Agencies may pursue their own cost recovery for fires that occur on Federal Land, no matter where the origin point is.

IX. FIRE PLANNING

- A. **Presuppression analysis plans:** Agencies are encouraged to perform joint analysis wherever possible, keeping in mind that resources jointly funded will require documentation stating the fiscal responsibilities of each agency involved.
- B. **Prevention plans:** Agencies will prepare joint prevention plans where appropriate. Any agreement entered will be documented and become part of this agreement.
- C. **Prescribed fire plans:** Where opportunities exist to meet management objectives on adjoining lands, efforts should be made to develop cooperative prescribed fire plans. Joint management, funding, and responsibilities will be documented as in (A) above.
- D. **Mobilization plans, etc.:** Presently, each agency documents how they will maintain a level of preparedness in accordance with agency policy or resource planning guide. MIFC holds and consolidates these plans to meet area or zone requirements.

X. FUEL MANAGEMENT AND PRESCRIBED FIRE CONSIDERATIONS

Agencies are encouraged to participate in the prescribed fire programs of another agency whenever possible. Parties to this agreement are sharing resources for prescribed fire or fuel management activities. The assisting agency will fund their resources and no cross billing will take place, the concept being that equity will occur over the long run.

The participating agencies are involved in several joint interagency fuel modification projects.

Current Projects 2005

Willow Basin (North end of La Sals in Grand County)
Pack Creek (San Juan County)
Blue Mountain Ranch (San Juan County)
East Carbon/ Columbia (Carbon County)
Joe's Valley (Emery County)
Wray Mesa/ Old La Sal (San Juan County)

Scofield Mountain Home (Carbon County)

Clear Creek (Carbon County)

Eastland (San Juan County)

Castle Valley (Grand County)

Kenilworth (Carbon County)

Blanding/West Water (San Juan County)

Canyon Terrace (San Juan County)

Monument Canyon (San Juan County)

Prescribed Fire Codes 2005

USFS Resources to BLM Projects ------ USFS Assigned USFS Resources to State Projects ----- USFS Assigned BLM Resources to State Projects ----- GA04 BLM Resources to USFS Projects----- GA05 State Resources to BLM & USFS Projects ---- State Assigned

If State and Federal agencies involved agree that a project will cause a significant impact to a supporting agency a signed amendment for said activities defining billing processes and responsibilities will become part of this agreement.

XI. GENERAL PROCEDURES

- A. **Periodic reviews:** The MIFC Manager will host a meeting to discuss the Operating Plan each year before March 1. The host will set a date for the meeting, arrange for a place to meet, and invite each agency. The operating plan will be signed and distributed by May 1 of each year.
- B. **Updating of Plans:** The MIFC Manager will update, and incorporate any changes to the plan and then route the plan for signature and final distribution.
- C. **Public Information:** Each agency is responsible for public information regarding lands under their jurisdictional responsibility. For boundary fires, Unified Command should determine appropriate information distribution.
 - MIFC Manager or acting will provide the media with the proper contacts for obtaining incident information until a Public Information Officer is assigned to the incident.
- D. **Augmentation Funds (Severity Funding):** Severity funding will be requested according to each agency's policy. Requests will require documentation and signature from agency administrators. All agencies should coordinate severity requests so as to get the best mix of resources to help in the area.
- E. Changes During Year (due to budget cuts of supplemental funding): Any changes in staffing will be reported to MIFC, who will then notify all involved agencies of the changes.
- F. Weekly Local Multi-Agency Coordination (MAC) Group conference calls will be initiated and scheduled by the MIFC Manager during fire season.